Attachment "D"

(Pending Claims)

1-5. (Canceled)

- 6. (New) A method for operating a remote power management system, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) configuring a plurality of network appliances to receive operating power from a corresponding one of a plurality of intelligent power modules (IPM's) such that each IPM can cycle operating power on/off to said corresponding network appliances in response to a command issued by a host system;
- (b) providing a power manager in communications with said host system and said plurality of intelligent power modules;
- (c) providing a first command from said host system to said power manager identifying a particular intelligent power module;
- (d) receiving a confirmation at said host system that said particular intelligent power module is responding to said first command; and
- (e) providing a second command from said host system to said power manager commanding said particular intelligent power module to shut-off operating power to a particular one of the network appliances receiving operating power therefrom.
 - 7. (New) The method of claim 6 further comprising:

providing a Transfer-Control-Protocol/Internet-Protocol (TCP/IP) communication link between said host system and said power manager; and

communicating between said host system and said power manager via said TCP/IP communication link.

8. (New) The method of claim 7 further comprising:

providing a network agent at said power manager;

independently communicating a TCP/IP message to said network agent from said host system for at least one of power-on sensing, load sensing, power cycling on/off, and tickle signal generation.

- 9. (New) The method of claim 8 further comprising said host system communicating TCP/IP packets effecting at least two of said power-on sensing, load sensing, power cycling on/off, and tickle signal generation.
- 10. (New) The method of claim 8 further comprising said host system communicating TCP/IP packets effecting at least three of said power-on sensing, load sensing, power cycling on/off, and tickle signal generation.
- 11. (New) The method of claim 8 further comprising said host system communicating TCP/IP packets effecting all of said power-on sensing, load sensing, power cycling on/off, and tickle signal generation.
 - 12. (New) The method of claim 6, further comprising:

generating a signal and transmitting said signal to said host system through said TCP/IP communication link identifying a particular one of said corresponding plurality of network

appliances associated with a target one of the plurality of intelligent power modules;

generating a tickle signal by the power manager in response to receiving a TCP/IP tickle initiating message from said host system; and

remotely detecting a wiring inadequacy associated with a particular network appliance among the plurality of network appliances without adversely affecting the power supplied by said one among the plurality of IPM's to said particular network appliance.

- 13. (New) The method of claim 12 further comprising generating a tickle signal by each of the plurality of intelligent power modules which comprises a dry-contact relay output signal determining the logic status of a signal receiving interface in an associated network appliance.
- 14. (New) The method of claim 13, further comprising answering said tickle signal by said associated network appliance by issuing a first signal when in a normal operating mode.
- 15. (New) The method of claim 13, further comprising answering said tickle signal by said associated network appliance by issuing a second signal when in an abnormal operating mode.
- 16. (New) The method of claim 6, further comprising issuing a series of sensing pulses from ones of the plurality of intelligent power modules to corresponding ones of said plurality of network appliances, and reading and reporting any results that indicate a switched-on or switched-off condition.
 - 17. (New) A method for operating a remote power management system, the method

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comprising the steps of:

providing a host system with a network manager issuing read-status and write-control commands having a TCP/IP communication connection;

providing at least one remote node with a network agent connected to said TCP/IP communication connection, and comprising a plurality of inter-networking devices receiving operating power from an uninterruptable power supply (UPS);

providing a plurality of intelligent power modules (IPM) connected between the UPS and said plurality of inter-networking devices, each of the intelligent power modules independently sensing power-on status of each of said plurality of inter-networking devices, independently sensing load status of each of said plurality of inter-networking devices, independently tickling each of said plurality of inter-networking devices, and independently controlling the operating power applied to said IPM corresponding inter-networking device; and

providing a power manager with a network agent connected to said TCP/IP communication connection and each intelligent power module receiving said read-status and write-control commands, and controlling the power-on sensing, load sensing or power on/off by the intelligent power module in response thereto.

- 18. (New) The method of claim 17, further comprising said network manager communicating to one of said plurality of IPM and said IPM communicating to said network manager via said TCP/IP communication connection that said IPM has tickled a corresponding inter-networking device.
- 19. (New) The method of claim 17, further comprising receiving a message and identity report at a network monitor issued by one of said plurality of inter-networking devices in

response to a tickle signal.

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- 20. (New) The method of Claim 17, further comprising independently sensing the power-on status of said IPM-corresponding inter-networking device.
- 21. (New) The method of Claim 20, further comprising communicating said power-on status of said IPM-corresponding inter-networking device to the network manager through the power manager as a variable in a managed information base (MIB) data construct by communicating over said TCP/IP communication connection according to a simple network management protocol (SNMP).
- 22. (New) The method of Claim 17, further comprising communicating said load status of said IPM-corresponding inter-networking device to the network manager through the power manager as a variable in a managed information base (MIB) data construct by communicating over said TCP/IP communication connection according to a simple network management protocol (SNMP).
- 23. (New) The method of Claim 17, further comprising controlling said operating power applied to said IPM-corresponding inter-networking device to the network manager through the power manager in response to a variable in a managed information base (MIB) data construct by communicating over said TCP/IP communication connection according to a simple network management protocol (SNMP).
 - 24. (New) The method of Claim 17, further comprising:

applying a series of alternating current (AC) voltage pulses synchronized to a source of AC power to a plurality of inter-networking devices with an on/off switch;

sensing the presence of a series of AC current pulses that result if said device switch is closed;

analyzing any AC current pulses detected by the sensing means to determine if they resulted from an application of the AC voltage; and outputting an on/off status indication for said switch.